OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The objectives of the study are: a. Identify to what extent the IOSCO standards are implemented in the Indian equity market; b. Then find out the strategic gap; c. And finally suggest the ways and means to fill the strategic gap in the system with special reference to equity market.

HYPOTHESIS

The researcher wants to take into account all the specific factors according to IOSCO format, that should be followed by all the entities; that is central government, regulator, self regulatory organizations, market intermediaries, etc who are directly or indirectly associated with the equity market. These factors have a direct impact on the stability of the equity market.

Hypothesis: 1
Ho1: The regulator cannot be made more effective.
Ha1: The regulator can be made more effective.

Hypothesis: 2
Ho2: The SROs cannot be made more effective.
Ha2: The SROs can be made more effective.

Hypothesis: 3
Ho3: The regulator cannot ensure the enforcement of regulation.
Ha3: The regulator can ensure the enforcement of regulation.

Hypothesis: 4
Ho4: The regulator cannot share/get information from foreign counterparts.
Ha4: The regulator can share/get information from foreign counterparts.

Hypothesis: 5
Ho5: The issuers/corporates cannot be made accountable.
Ha5: The issuers/corporates can be made accountable.

Hypothesis: 6
Ho6: The collective investment schemes cannot be made more effective.
Ha6: The collective investment schemes can be made more effective.

Hypothesis: 7
Ho7: The market intermediaries cannot be made more effective.
Ha7: The market intermediaries can be made more effective.

**Hypothesis: 8**

Ho8: The secondary markets cannot be made more vibrant.
Ha8: The secondary markets can be made more vibrant.

**Hypothesis: 9**

Ho9: The clearance and settlement system cannot be more effective.
Ha9: The clearance and settlement system can be more effective.