WORK PLAN & METHODOLOGY

The study would be conducted in Rajasthan. It would be based upon both secondary & primary sources of data. Secondary data would be collected from union official report, census & websites. This would help in determining the pattern of economic growth in Rajasthan.

The primary data would be collected to determine the livelihood changes that has taken place in the tribal economy on a result of economic growth the primary data would be collected with the help of a structured questionnaire, the sampling the collected technique purposive sampling the collected data would be coded, classified, tabulated and analyzed with the help of simple statistical & econometric techniques the computer software spss would be used to find the results. The results would be presented through graphical & pictographic & techniques.

UNIVERSE & STUDY AREA

Rajasthan is a largest state in area and its population is 6.85 crore according to census 2011. 13.47% population of Rajasthan is scheduled tribes. 75.1% people lives in rural areas. The districts which have more than 40% ST’s population will be select for study. Rajasthan have Dungurpur, Banswara, Udaipur, Pratapgarh district at which the population of scheduled tribes higher. Among these districts special attention given to those of villages which have major population of ST and also select some villages which have ST population less than non- ST population to see impacts of non-STs on ST population. Researcher selects 60 villages for the study from the selected districts.

SAMPLE SIZE

Researcher select 1000 households or families for study purpose from districts. Survey will be conducted on the basis of random sampling. The questionnaire is prepared by the help of expert.

LIMITATION OF THE STUDY

In this study due to lack of time only 60 villages selected from four selected districts .it did during august 2013 to march 2014.
SCOPE OF THE WORK

Tribal study is the broad topic and this researcher can give attention of development of tribal areas, mukhyamantri awas yojana, Electricity connection, water supply, Girls education in tribal unemployment and poverty in tribals,