REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

An attempt is made in this research to review available literature on Muslim politics in India with view to examine the different formatted points and views adopted by the various thinkers and political scientists. However the relevant contribution is briefly present.

Qureshi Shaheen Sultana (2011) explain in her research creation “The role of popular muslim in Indian freedom struggle” is designed to highlight the contribution of the prominent Muslim freedom fighters in India and abroad.

Rafiq Dossani (2011) explain in his research work “The Future of India’s Muslims” found some of the factors behind the depressed socio-economic conditions of Muslim Indians. indicated that: (a) the socio-economic decline of Muslims is countrywide and severe, bringing the community almost to the level of the untouchable castes and tribal population, i.e., to the bottom of the socio-economic ladder (b) the decline is a long-term phenomenon and is associated with special features of Muslim demography or the two-decade long rise of Hindu religious parties such as the BJP.

Md. Akhtaruzzaman explain in his work “History of early of Muslim eastern India a study of some persoarbic sources” Historical background and found their sociological condition, economic, political, religious and cultural condition.

Md Mainuddin (2010) his article “Socio economic condition and political” in found that socio-economic backwardness and political alienation have given rise to some important questions as far as minority community is concerned. He found through his research study that After six decades of independence, Muslims in India are lagging behind other community in terms of socio-economic condition and politically representation.

are some of the works that highlight the root causes of the politics of communalization in pre-independence and post-independence era in India. Language and religion have been major issues of discontentment among the different communities in India.