1.1 **HYPOTHESES**

In the course of analysis and discussion following hypothesis are formed for testing purpose based on the empirical data:

i) Religiosity is significantly, positively related to subjective well-being.

ii) Optimism is positively affects SWB

iii) Higher the level of Adjustment higher the Subjective well-being

- Low level of adjustment at home causes low SWB
- Health problems lead to low SWB
- Low level of emotional adjustment shows low SWB

iv) Male students are more optimistic.

v) Females are more likely to find meaning in religion than male Adults.

vi) Religiousness is positively associated with optimism.

vii) Adjustment and optimism are correlated.

viii) Rural students are more religious than urban.

ix) Rural students show high level of subjective well-being than urban students.