Literature review

The studied find the financial viability of sugar factories. Located in south Gujarat in India. Use of study for ratio analysis and discriminate analysis to give the actual prediction equation classify new cases. In future we can make a fair degree of progress on agricultural efficiency as well as conversion efficiency, India will become surely bigger exporter. Which will stable the industry.¹

The attempted of study evaluation the role of co-operatives in generation of employment opportunities. When the permanent employees are retired on fresh recruitment is done against the vacancy. In sugar factory very few number of female employees²

thereAhmednagar district is also called “sugar bowl” of Maharashtra. Sugar factory is play a significant role in overall socio-economic development of the district. Sugar industry is faced various grave problems like corruption, mismanagement etc. for bright future of sugar factory urgent need to take review of these problem and find out the reasons there on. For the all dependent farmer on the industry.³

Sugar and sugarcane production in India follow only one sugar cycle 6 to 8 years. the major problem is faces the industry. That is excess sugar in the consecutive years. The sugarcane production large quantity, the sugarcane harvesting needs to be well planed. So the sugar mills can get the matured and fresh cane and timely harvesting of their sugarcane is benefited for sugar grower. the schedule are not properly maintained. Various plan of action use to proper maintain of schedule.⁴

the states like Utterpradesh, Maharashtra, Bihar, and Tamilnadu are known for cultivation of sugarcane. Maharashtra is number one in the country. The sugar industry is a the second largest agro based processing industry. Objective of the study to assess the impact of LPG pollicises on co-operative sugar industries. And examine the problem of sugar industry in Maharashtra. Lastly it is suggested that the sugar industry should pay to the farmers for his produce in a prompt manner
today W.T.O the world market is open for sugar. There is a need to develop international market and to frame new policies by government for sugar export.  

Sugar factories played a major role in the socio-economic development of rural areas in Maharashtra. In the study assess the employment opportunity in sugar factories. The role of co-operative sugar factories in rural development for the investigation damaji co-operative sugar factory was selected.  

Present article helps to study “problems and prospect of IT implementation in sugar factory. Specifically this study will address the management and organizational issues that has a direct related processes implementation needs. The agriculture sector has been slowly use of information technology (IT). IT based projects have been started at various agricultural institutions. Recommendations of studied existing IT infrastructure suffering from many problems like old technology, DOS based operating system etc. Eliminate these problems there is a wind scope for implementing IT. Suggested that to use ERP software.  

Co-operative sugar factories (CSFs) are the only farmer owned enterprise that changed lives of corers of farmers that are now in deep trouble. They are becoming sick and inefficient in changing economic environment for their survival these sick CSFs are leased out to private management. a pioneer out was done in the Maharashtra state. In case of ajara taluka shetakari sahakari sugar factory ltd.Gavase, district Kolhapur. This research paper tried to assess the operational efficiency of this particular factory during before and after leasing out period. Objectives of his study,  

1. Compare efficiency of select CSF during co-operative v/s private management.  
2. Identify significant difference in operational efficiency during co-operative and private management.  

Human resources are one of the most valuable resources of an organization and indeed an organization is nothing without human resources. many companies are increasingly finding it environment. turnover costs of many organizations are very high and can significantly affect financial performance of
an organization. In this study focused on Sony sugar company limited and its main objective was to assess the factors that contribute to labor turnover in parasternal organizations in Kenya. In study find out the patterns of labor turnover and effects of labor turnover to Sony sugar company limited. Lastly the conclusion from observation is most current employees of the company are ready to quit if offered another job with better terms and service. 2 highest level of dissatisfaction. 3 Sony sugar company management have not done enough to reduce the effects of labor turnover.

The problem of Indian agriculture in mainly the water supply. Water is indispensable to agricultural production in area where rainfall is well distributed through the year. There is no problem, but in uncertain areas irrigation is quite essential of cultivation. Requirement of regular supply of water for sugarcane cultivation the objective of this paper is to study the role of irrigation scheme in agricultural irrigation scheme is developed in the karad walwa.

In this paper study on the management of tiruttani co-operative sugar mill ltd. at thiruvalangadu in tiruvallur district. main objective of this study is

1. Study the production performance of this mill
2. Analyses the financial position, sale performance and inventory control procedure adopted by the mill. Study of period is 5year 2006 to 2010. Study based on secondary data. Lastly studied tiruttana co-operative sugar mill in Tamilnadu. producing considerable quantity of sugar and helping the local sugarcane producers.

In this study of the peasantry caught up in the production of an important ‘cash crop’ in one region of utter Pradesh. and growth of capitalist enterprise on the basis of that crop. no single district in India could boast of the two dozen sugar mills that dotted the landscape and dominated the arginine economy of Gorakhpur in the 1930s. the position of present producers in given agrarian society and then sets out to assess the influence of a growing demand for sugarcane on the peasantry’s relationship. With landlord’s and money lenders in the villages and with the sugar capitals in the smaller towns.
Indian sugar industry almost since its inception in 1932 when protective duty was imposed on all foreign sugar, and our sugar developed with phenomenal speed factories after factories were established in a planned or unplanned manner, because the profit were fascinating and free enterprise came into full play. The studied of an industry in those countries in all its aspects. Agriculture technology and economics, supply of the sugar machinery from foreign countries. Particularly England and the European countries which were sugar machinery manufacturers.

In this book studied the same scheme deals with the establishment of co-operative sugar factories in Maharashtra with special reference to role played by government in their promotion and development. This study of government and co-operative sugar factories in Maharashtra would be of general interest and would contain some lessons for the promotion of the co-operative enterprises.

Sugar industry is second largest agro-based industry in India next only the textiles. Sugar factories provide direct and indirect employment to several thousands of people. In spite of the significant role played by the sugar Cooperatives in India’s development and growth, they stand today at cross roads under the new economic policy. They are facing some problems.