Method of the Study

Investigator should follow such research method that would give precise result and is suitable to the subject of the research work. “Research methods are of utmost importance in a research process because they describe the various steps of plan of attack to be adopted in solving a research problem, such as the manner in which the problems are formulated, definition of terms, the choice of subjects of investigation, the validation of data gathering tools, the collection, analysis and interpretation of data and the processes of inferences and generalization. For the present study researcher will use the Survey Method.

Tool of the study

For the present study researcher will use the standardized tool of Language Creativity by S.P. Malhotra and Sucheta Kumari (LCT-M.K.). This test includes 27 items in five areas—Plot building, Dialogue Writing, Poetic Diction, Descriptive, and Vocabulary style. It measures total language creativity and its four components—Fluency, Flexibility, Originality, and Elaboration. This test is standardized on 600 Boys and Girls from School and College. And the test is applicable for the students of standard VIII to graduate level or age group 12 to 20 years. This test is based on Guilford’s Multiple Story Plots, Multiple Emotional expressions, Expressional fluency, Word pair revision and Patterns of controlled association. There are 27 items and the total maximum time required for completion of the test is 147 minutes. All the items in the Language Creativity Test are verbal in nature and can be administered in a group or individually. The sub-tests can be administered collectively.

Data Collection:

In the present study research has been utilized in the form of a questionnaire which has been collected from two thousand student’s of Higher Secondary School from Sabarkantha District. It will also important to take the measurement levels of the variable into account for the analysis as special statistical techniques are available for each level. In the present study, the Analysis of the data will done to serve the following main Functions’.
**Analysis of the data:**

In the present study the researcher has to test the hypothesis, some statistics Techniques like Mean, S.D., T.Test and annova are applied by the researcher who can analyses the raw data into a meaning meaner.

**Statistical techniques used:**

The researcher will find Mean, S.D. and T-value of the collected data.

**Conclusion**

The researcher has presented systematic method about research which includes the objective, hypothesis, importance etc. These steps help the researcher has to prepare a systematic way for the research work, through which researcher can get perfect and true solution of the problem.