1. INTRODUCTION

The word "linguistics" is derived from the Latin word for tongue. Linguistics is the scientific study of human language. Linguistics can be largely broken into three categories or subfields of study: language form, language meaning and language in context. The first subfield of linguistics is the study of language structure or grammar. These emphases on the system of rules followed by the users of a language and it includes the study of morphology which means the formation and composition of words, syntax includes the formation and composition of phrases and sentences from these words and phonology is the sound systems. Phonetics is a linked branch of linguistics concerned with the actual properties of speech sounds and no speech sounds and how they are produced and perceived.

India is a multi-cultural, multi-religious and multi-linguistic country. Language has always played an important role in education in effect with school and college education. Linguistic communication is a system of sounds, gestures and written symbols. It bears specific meaning and significance within a particular social group. These understandings differ significantly between different people, based upon region, developmental age and cultural practice. The study of these bodies of communal knowledge is called languages and is known as linguistics.

Linguistics communication is easily accomplished. It focusing on structure properties of language has tended to view communicative phenomena. Whether verbal or non-verbal, sender and receiver play important role in communication and its process. Success depends on the both types of communication. English as a subject in the curriculum as a first or second language is given great prominence by all schools and colleges in different countries as studies. Its study is compulsory for everyone either as first or second language.

Indian higher education system has become fully aware of the need for quality. Therefore, institution will have to adapt to modern methods of teaching and learning-friendly materials by changing their evaluation methods and striving for excellence to sustain themselves in this competitive world. Quality and excellence do not happen by accident. They are organized and focused efforts that are needed to achieve global standards. Universities are also expected to have a strategy to ensure that the positive outcome of these innovation in teaching procedure to the undergraduate level.
During the IX Plan period, (Newsletters, UGC and H. M. Patel Institute of English Training & Research) the University Grants Commission (UGC) had introduced a Scheme called “University with Potential for Excellence” (UPE) to inspire selected Universities to reach world-class standards and serve as a benchmark for others in their chosen domains by providing additional funds to them under this Scheme. This has helped a few Universities to improve their achievements during the IX and X Plan periods. This initiative is being continued during the XI Plan period to identify a few more universities which have the potential to achieve excellence in teaching and research.

There are many colleges in the country where teaching and research are of high quality apart from universities. These colleges have achieved better standards of teaching and research by harnessing human and physical resources in innovative ways. Many of these colleges have potential for academic excellence. The UGC introduced a Scheme to recognize the need to pay special attention to such colleges, corresponding to the one for the Universities, during the X Plan called “College with Potential for Excellence” (CPE). This Scheme is to identify colleges which have attained high standards in teaching, research and extension activities and hold promise of excellence. A college selected under the CPE Scheme is provided substantial funds to improve and strengthen its infrastructure that would help it in attaining further higher academic standards.

Digital English Language and Learning Laboratory (DELL) is an innovative and aspiring project of Gujarat Government. During the times when the common man of India recognizes English as “a determinant of access to and opportunities for a better life” (NKC, 2007). It is a potential project which could be instrumental in fulfilling English language needs of the state and the country and can enhance employability skills of aspiring young generations. However, the project in its present status requires support and guidance since most of the language laboratory coordinators are with literature background and first generation computer users.

H M Patel Institute of English Training & Research is awarded CPE. As a part of it, the institute has initiated several extension projects. DELL is one of them. Therefore, it is proposed to form a group of motivated language laboratory coordinators and teachers of English as well as of other subjects who are interested in using the DELL infrastructure for curriculum transaction.
The Researcher takes advantage of the knowledge which has accumulated in the past as a result of constant human endeavor. It can never be undertaken in isolation of the work that has already been done on the problems which are directly or indirectly related to study proposed by a researcher. Communicative language teaching is based on the theory of language as a medium of communication. The researcher wishes to investigate the linguistics difficulties in the academic discipline. Academic discipline is the body of knowledge given to or received by student (disciple). It is a branch or sphere of knowledge, or field of study, that an individual has chosen to specialize in.